What is claimed is:

A method for performing a diagnostic or therapeutic procedure comprising

administering to an individual an effective amount of the compound of formula 4

$$R^{71}$$
 $R^{72}$ 
 $R^{73}$ 
 $R^{74}$ 
 $R^{76}$ 
 $R^{76}$ 
 $R^{76}$ 
 $R^{70}$ 
 $R^{69}$ 
 $R^{69}$ 
 $R^{69}$ 
 $R^{69}$ 
 $R^{69}$ 
 $R^{69}$ 
 $R^{69}$ 
 $R^{69}$ 
 $R^{70}$ 
 $R^{70}$ 

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wherein W<sup>6</sup> and X<sup>6</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of -CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, -O-, -NR<sup>3</sup>, and -S-; Y<sup>6</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-10 C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aminoalkyl, -H<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>- $CH_2$ -CONH-Bm, - $(CH_2)_a$ -NHCO-Bm, - $CH_2$ - $(CH_2OCH_2)_b$ - $CH_2$ -NHCO-Bm,  $-(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_b-CONH-Bm$ ,  $(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_c-NHCO-Bm$ ,  $-(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_A-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_A-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_A-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_A-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_A-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_A-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_A-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_A-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_A-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_A-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_A-N(R^3)-(C$  $N(R^3)-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-CONH-Bm$ ,  $-(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-(CH_$ 15 NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>- $CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_a-NHCO-Bm$ ,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_d-$ CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, and -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>; Z<sup>6</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> 20 polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

aminoalkyl,  $-CH_2(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-OH$ ,  $-(CH_2)_a-CO_2H$ ,  $-(CH_2)_a-CONH-Dm$ , -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Dm,  $-(CH_2)_a$ -N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CONH-Dm, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>c</sub>-NHCO-Dm.  $-(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-CONH-Dm, -(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-CH_2-$ 5  $(CH_2OCH_2)_b$ - $CH_2$ -NHCO-Dm,  $-CH_2$ - $(CH_2OCH_2)_b$ - $CH_2$ - $N(R^3)$ - $(CH_2)_a$ -CONH-Dm,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_a-NHCO-Dm$ ,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-$ CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, and -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>; A<sub>4</sub> is a single or a double bond; B<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, and D<sub>4</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -Se-, -P-, -CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, -CR<sup>1</sup>, alkyl, NR<sup>3</sup>, and -C=O; A<sub>4</sub>, B<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, 10 and D<sub>4</sub> may together form a 6- to 12-membered carbocyclic ring or a 6- to 12membered heterocyclic ring optionally containing one or more oxygen, nitrogen, or sulfur atom;  $a_6$  is from 0 to 5;  $R^1$  to  $R^4$ , and  $R^{67}$  to  $R^{79}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aminoalkyl, glucose derivatives of R groups, cyano, nitro, halogen, saccharide, peptide, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H,  $-(CH_2)_a$ -CONH-Bm,  $-CH_2$ -(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm,  $-(CH_2)_a$ -NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-OH and -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H; Bm and Dm are independently selected from the group consisting of a bioactive 20 peptide, a protein, a cell, an antibody, an antibody fragment, a saccharide, a glycopeptide, a peptidomimetic, a drug, a drug mimic, a hormone, a metal a chelating agent, a radioactive or nonradioactive metal complex, and an echogenic agent; a and c are independently from 1 to 20; and b and d are

independently from 1 to 100, with the proviso that either  $Y^6$  or  $Z^6$  contains a biomolecule Bm or Dm, and with the proviso that when  $W^6$  and  $X^6$  are  $C((CH_2)OH)_2$ ,  $Y^6$  is not  $(CH_2)_2$ -CONH-Bm,

activating the compound, and performing the diagnostic or therapeutic procedure.

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- The method of claim 1 comprising administering to an individual an effective amount of the compound wherein W<sup>6</sup> and X<sup>6</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of -C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -C((CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>OH)CH<sub>3</sub>,
   -C((CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>OH)<sub>2</sub>, -C((CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H)CH<sub>3</sub>, -C((CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H)<sub>2</sub>, -C((CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>3</sub>,
   C((CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, C((CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -NR<sup>3</sup>, and -S-; Y<sup>6</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aminoalkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Bm,
   -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>
  - -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, and -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>; Z<sup>6</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aminoalkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Dm,
  - -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, and -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>; A<sub>4</sub> is a single or a double bond; B<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, and D<sub>4</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, NR<sup>3</sup>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub> -CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, and -CR<sup>1</sup>; A<sub>4</sub>, B<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, and D<sub>4</sub> may together form a 6- to 10-membered carbocyclic ring or a 6- to 10-membered

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- 3. The method of claim 2 comprising administering to an individual an effective amount of the compound wherein each of  $W^6$  and  $X^6$  is  $C((CH_2)OH)_2$ ;  $Y^6$  is  $-(CH_2)_2$ -CONH-Bm;  $Z^6$  is  $-(CH_2)_2$ - $CO_2H$ ;  $A_4$  is a single bond;  $A_4$ ,  $B_4$ ,  $C_4$ , and  $D_4$  together form a 6-membered carbocyclic ring;  $a_6$  is 1;  $R^{67}$  is galactose; each  $R^{68}$  to  $R^{79}$  is hydrogen; and Bm is Octreotate.
- 4. The method of claim 1 wherein said procedure utilizes light of wavelength in the region of 350-1300 nm.

- 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the diagnostic procedure is optical tomography.
- 6. The method of claim 1 wherein said diagnostic procedure is fluorescence endoscopy.
- 7. The method of claim 1 further comprising monitoring a blood clearance profile of said compound by a method selected from the group consisting of fluorescence, absorbance, and light scattering, wherein light of wavelength in the region of 350-1300 nm is used.
- 8. The method of claim 1 wherein said procedure further comprises imaging and therapy, wherein said imaging and therapy is selected from the group consisting of absorption, light scattering, photoacoustic and sonofluoresence technique.
- 9. The method of claim 1 wherein said procedure is capable of diagnosing atherosclerotic plaques and blood clots.
- 10. The method of claim 1 wherein said procedure comprises administering localized therapy.
- 11. The method of claim 1 wherein said therapeutic procedure comprises photodynamic therapy.

- 12. The method of claim 1 wherein said therapeutic procedure comprises laser assisted guided surgery for the detection of micrometastases.
- 13. The method of claim 1 further comprising adding a biocompatible organic solvent at a concentration of one to fifty percent to the compound to prevent *in vivo* or *in vitro* fluorescence quenching.
- 14. The method of claim 13 wherein said compound is dissolved in a medium comprising one to fifty percent of at least one of dimethyl sulfoxide, ethyl alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, or glycerol.
- 15. The method of claim 1 wherein the compound comprises one to ten groups containing Bm, Dm, and combinations thereof providing a cooperative effect to enhance binding of the compound.
- 16. The method of claim 15 further comprising attaching a compound selected from the group consisting of a porphyrin and a photodynamic therapy agent to biomolecule Bm or Dm, and providing light of a wavelength sufficient to activate the porphyrin or phototherapy agent.
- 17. The method of claim 15 wherein the procedure monitors blood clearance of the compound to detect an abnormality.

- 18. The method of claim 15 further comprising activating the compound prior to performing the procedure.
- 19. The method of claim 1 further comprising administering a non-optical contrast agent and imaging by at least one of magnetic resonance, ultrasound, X-ray, positron emission tomography, computed tomography, and single photon emission computed tomography.
- 20. The method of claim 1 wherein the compound administered has at least one R group replaced by EDTA, DOTA, or DOTA.
- 21. The method of claim 20 wherein the compound administered further comprises a radioactive metal ion or a paramagnetic metal ion.
- 22. The method of claim 21 further comprising imaging by at least one of optical imaging or magnetic resonance imaging.
- 23. The method of claim 1 wherein the compound is administered in a formulation selected from at least one of liposomes, micelles, microcapsules, or microparticles.

- 24. A method of imaging a patient comprising administering a nonoptical contrast agent composition further comprising the compound of claim 1 and performing at least one of an optical imaging procedure or a non-optical imaging procedure.
- 25. The method of claim 24 wherein the non-optical contrast agent composition is chosen from a magnetic resonance composition, a computed tomography composition, an x-ray composition, a nuclear imaging composition, a positron emission tomography composition, a single photon emission computed tomography composition, or an ultrasound composition.
- 26. The method of claim 25 wherein the compound stablilizes or buffers the non-optical contrast agent composition.

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- 27. A method to reduce aggregation of a dye administerable to a patient for a photodiagnostic or phototherapeutic procedure comprising adding to the dye a biocompatible organic solvent at a concentration ranging from about 1% to about 50% to reduce dye aggregation.
- 28. The method of claim 27 wherein the biocompatible organic solvent is added to a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation of the dye.
- 29. The method of claim 27 wherein the dye is dissolved or suspended in the biocompatible organic solvent.
- 30. The method of claim 27 where the biocompatible organic solvent is selected from the group consisting of dimethylsulfoxide, ethyl alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, glycerol, a polyol, or combinations thereof.
- 31. The method of claim 27 wherein the dye is represented by formulas 1, 2, 3, or 4.

- 32. A method to enhance fluorescence of a dye administerable to a patient for a photodiagnostic or phototherapeutic procedure comprising adding to the dye a biocompatible organic solvent at a concentration ranging from about 1% to about 50% to enhance dye fluorescence.
- 33. The method of claim 32 wherein the biocompatible organic solvent is added to a pharmaceutically acceptable formulation of the dye.
- 34. The method of claim 32 wherein the dye is dissolved or suspended in the biocompatible organic solvent.
- 35. The method of claim 32 where the biocompatible organic solvent is selected from the group consisting of dimethylsulfoxide, ethyl alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, glycerol, a polyol, or combinations thereof.
- 36. The method of claim 32 wherein the dye is represented by formulas 1, 2, 3, or 4.

$$R^{71}$$
 $R^{72}$ 
 $R^{73}$ 
 $R^{74}$ 
 $R^{76}$ 
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 $R^{70}$ 

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wherein W<sup>6</sup> and X<sup>6</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of -CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, -O-, -NR<sup>3</sup>, and -S-; Y<sup>6</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aminoalkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>c</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>; Z<sup>6</sup> is selected

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyl,

aminoalkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Dm,  $-(CH_2)_a$ -N(R<sup>3</sup>)- $(CH_2)_b$ -CONH-Dm,  $(CH_2)_a$ -N(R<sup>3</sup>)- $(CH_2)_c$ -NHCO-Dm,  $-(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-CONH-Dm, -(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-CH_2-$ 5  $(CH_2OCH_2)_b$ - $CH_2$ -NHCO-Dm,  $-CH_2$ - $(CH_2OCH_2)_b$ - $CH_2$ - $N(R^3)$ - $(CH_2)_a$ -CONH-Dm,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_a-NHCO-Dm$ ,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2-(CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-($ CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, and -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>; A<sub>4</sub> is a single or a double bond; B<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, and D<sub>4</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -Se-, -P-, -CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, -CR<sup>1</sup>, alkyl, NR<sup>3</sup>, and -C=O; A<sub>4</sub>, B<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, 10 and D<sub>4</sub> may together form a 6- to 12-membered carbocyclic ring or a 6- to 12membered heterocyclic ring optionally containing one or more oxygen, nitrogen, or sulfur atom;  $a_6$  is from 0 to 5;  $R^1$  to  $R^4$ , and  $R^{67}$  to  $R^{79}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> 15 alkoxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aminoalkyl, glucose derivatives of R groups, cyano, nitro, halogen, saccharide, peptide, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H,  $-(CH_2)_a-CONH-Bm$ ,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-CONH-Bm$ ,  $-(CH_2)_a-NHCO-Bm$ , -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-OH and -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H; 20 Bm and Dm are independently selected from the group consisting of a bioactive peptide, a protein, a cell, an antibody, an antibody fragment, a saccharide, a glycopeptide, a peptidomimetic, a drug, a drug mimic, a hormone, a metal chelating agent, a radioactive or nonradioactive metal complex, and an echogenic agent; a and c are independently from 1 to 20; and b and d are

independently from 1 to 100.

38. The method of claim 37 wherein the organic solvent is selected from the group consisting of dimethylsulfoxide, ethyl alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, a polyol, a glycerol, and combinations thereof.

$$R^{32}$$
 $R^{33}$ 
 $R^{34}$ 
 $R^{35}$ 
 $R^{34}$ 
 $R^{35}$ 
 $R^{35}$ 
 $R^{36}$ 
 $R^{30}$ 
 $R^{30}$ 

5

wherein W<sup>3</sup> and X<sup>3</sup> may be the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of -CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, -O-, -NR<sup>3</sup>, -S-; Y<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> 10 aminoalkyl,  $-CH_2(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-OH$ ,  $-(CH_2)_a-CO_2H$ ,  $-(CH_2)_a-CONH-Bm$ , -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm,  $-(CH_2)_a$ -N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CONH-Bm,  $-(CH_2)_a$ -N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>c</sub>-NHCO-Bm,  $-(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-CONH-Bm, -(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-CH_2-$ (CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Bm,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_a-NHCO-Bm$ ,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_a-NHCO-Bm$ 15 CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, and -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>; Z<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> 20 aminoalkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Dm,

-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Dm,  $-(CH_2)_a$ -N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CONH-Dm, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>c</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-<math>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Dm,5  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_a-NHCO-Dm$ ,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_a-NHCO-Dm$ CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, and -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>; A<sub>1</sub> is a single or a double bond; B<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>, and D<sub>1</sub> may the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -Se-, -P-, -CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, -CR<sup>1</sup>, alkyl, NR<sup>3</sup>, and -C=O; 10 A<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>, and D<sub>1</sub> may together form a 6- to 12-membered carbocyclic ring or a 6- to 12-membered heterocyclic ring optionally containing one or more oxygen. nitrogen, or sulfur atom; a<sub>3</sub> and b<sub>3</sub> independently vary from 0 to 5; R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>4</sup>, and R<sup>29</sup> to R<sup>37</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  polyalkoxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ 15 polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aminoalkyl, glucose derivatives of R groups, cyano, nitro, halogen, saccharide, peptide, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-OH and -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H; Bm and Dm are 20 independently selected from the group consisting of a bioactive peptide, a protein, a cell, an antibody, an antibody fragment, a saccharide, a glycopeptide, a peptidomimetic, a drug, a drug mimic, a hormone, a metal chelating agent, a radioactive or nonradioactive metal complex, a photosensitizer for phototherapy, and an echogenic agent; a and c are independently from 1 to 20;

and b and d are independently from 1 to 100.

40. The method of claim 39 wherein the organic solvent is selected from the group consisting of dimethylsulfoxide, ethyl alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, a polyol, a glycerol, and combinations thereof.

$$R^{49}$$
 $R^{50}$ 
 $R^{51}$ 
 $R^{52}$ 
 $R^{53}$ 
 $R^{54}$ 
 $R^{55}$ 
 $R^{55}$ 
 $R^{55}$ 
 $R^{56}$ 
 $R^{56}$ 

wherein W<sup>4</sup> and X<sup>4</sup> may be the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of -CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, -O-, -NR<sup>3</sup>, -S-; Y<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aminoalkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CONH-Bm, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>c</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-COCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-COCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-COCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, and -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>; Z<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

aminoalkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Dm,  $-(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_b-CONH-Dm$ ,  $(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_c-NHCO-Dm$ ,  $-(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-CONH-Dm$ ,  $-(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-CH_2 (CH_2OCH_2)_b$ - $CH_2$ -NHCO-Dm, - $CH_2$ - $(CH_2OCH_2)_b$ - $CH_2$ - $N(R^3)$ - $(CH_2)_a$ -CONH-Dm,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_a-NHCO-Dm$ ,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-$ CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, and -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>; A<sub>2</sub> is a single or a double bond; B<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, and D<sub>2</sub> may be the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -Se-, -P-, -CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, -CR<sup>1</sup>, alkyl, NR<sup>3</sup>, and -C=O; A<sub>2</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, and D<sub>2</sub> may together form a 6- to 12-membered carbocyclic ring or a 6- to 12-membered heterocyclic ring optionally containing one or more oxygen, nitrogen, or sulfur atom; a<sub>4</sub> and b<sub>4</sub> independently vary from 0 to 5; R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>4</sup>, and R<sup>45</sup> to R<sup>57</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  polyalkoxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$ polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aminoalkyl, glucose derivatives of R groups, cyano, nitro, halogen, saccharide, peptide, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-OH and -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H; Bm and Dm are independently selected from the group consisting of a bioactive peptide, a protein, a cell, an antibody, an antibody fragment, a saccharide, a glycopeptide, a peptidomimetic, a drug, a drug mimic, a hormone, a metal chelating agent, a radioactive or nonradioactive metal complex, a photosensitizer for

phototherapy, and an echogenic agent; a and c are independently from 1 to 20; and b and d are independently from 1 to 100.

42. The method of claim 41 wherein the organic solvent is selected from the group consisting of dimethylsulfoxide, ethyl alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, a polyol, a glycerol, and combinations thereof.

wherein W<sup>5</sup> and X<sup>5</sup> may be the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of -CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, -O-, -NR<sup>3</sup>, -S-; Y<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> polyalkoxyalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aminoalkyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>c</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>

-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Dm,  $-(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_b-CONH-Dm$ ,  $(CH_2)_a-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_c-NHCO-Dm$ , -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>- $(CH_2OCH_2)_b$ - $CH_2$ -NHCO-Dm, - $CH_2$ - $(CH_2OCH_2)_b$ - $CH_2$ - $N(R^3)$ - $(CH_2)_a$ -CONH-Dm.  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2)_a-NHCO-Dm$ ,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_a-NHCO-Dm$ ,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_b-CH_2-N(R^3)-(CH_2OCH_2)_a-NHCO-Dm$ ,  $-CH_2-(CH_2OCH_2)_a-NHCO-Dm$ ,  $-CH_2-(CH$ CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-CONH-Dm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sup>3</sup>)-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>d</sub>-NHCO-Dm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, and -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>; A<sub>3</sub> is a single or a double bond; B<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, and D<sub>3</sub> may be the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -Se-, -P-, -CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, -CR<sup>1</sup>, alkyl, NR<sup>3</sup>, and -C=O; A<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, and D<sub>3</sub> may together form a 6- to 12-membered carbocyclic ring or a 6- to 12-membered heterocyclic ring optionally containing one or more oxygen. nitrogen, or sulfur atom; a<sub>5</sub> is independently from 0 to 5; R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>4</sup>, and R<sup>58</sup> to R<sup>66</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  polyalkoxyalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  polyhydroxyalkyl,  $C_5$ -C<sub>20</sub> polyhydroxyaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aminoalkyl, glucose derivatives of R groups, cyano, nitro, halogen, saccharide, peptide, -CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-CONH-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-NHCO-Bm, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>a</sub>-OH and -CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>b</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H; Bm and Dm are independently selected from the group consisting of a bioactive peptide, a protein, a cell, an antibody, an antibody fragment, a saccharide, a glycopeptide, a peptidomimetic, a drug, a drug mimic, a hormone, a metal chelating agent, a radioactive or nonradioactive metal complex, a photosensitizer for phototherapy, and an echogenic agent; a and c are independently from 1 to 20; and b and d are independently from 1 to 100.

44. The method of claim 43 wherein the organic solvent is selected from the group consisting of dimethylsulfoxide, ethyl alcohol, isopropyl alcohol, a polyol, a glycerol, and combinations thereof.